UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/720,173	11/25/2003	Eun-Bong Han	102-1003	4330
38209 STANZIONE &	7590 03/12/200 & KIM, LLP	EXAMINER		
919 18TH STR		LIANG, LEONARD S		
SUITE 440 WASHINGTO	N, DC 20006		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2853	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			03/12/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary		A	Application No.		Applicant(s)				
			10/720,173		HAN, EUN-BONG				
		E	Examiner		Art Unit				
		L	LEONARD S.	LIANG	2853				
The Period for Rep	MAILING DATE of this commur ly	ication appea	ars on the co	ver sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	ldress			
WHICHEVE - Extensions of after SIX (6) N - If NO period for Failure to repl Any reply received.	NED STATUTORY PERIOD F IR IS LONGER, FROM THE IN time may be available under the provisions IONTHS from the mailing date of this com- or reply is specified above, the maximum si by within the set or extended period for reply tived by the Office later than three months term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DAT s of 37 CFR 1.136(a munication. catutory period will a v will, by statute, ca	E OF THIS (a). In no event, happly and will expanse the application	COMMUNICATION bowever, may a reply be time ire SIX (6) MONTHS from to become ABANDONE	J. nely filed the mailing date of this c D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status									
1)⊠ Respo	onsive to communication(s) file	ed on <i>04 Febi</i>	ruary 2009						
•	• •	2b)⊠ This ac		inal.					
<u> </u>		<i>/</i> —			secution as to the	e merits is			
,—	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposition of	Claims								
- 4\⊠ Claim	(s) <i>1-6 and 8-31</i> is/are pendin	α in the applic	cation						
•	 ✓ Claim(s) 1-6 and 8-31 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 								
	_								
·	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) <u>1-6 and 8-31</u> is/are rejected.								
·	(s) is/are objected to.	G.							
•	(s) are subject to restrict	ction and/or e	election requ	rement.					
		onerrana, er e	7100ti01110qu	romone.					
Application Pa	-								
	pecification is objected to by the		_						
•	10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.								
	ant may not request that any obje			-					
	cement drawing sheet(s) including	-	-						
11) <u></u> The oa	ath or declaration is objected t	o by the Exan	miner. Note t	he attached Office	Action or form P7	ГО-152.			
Priority under	35 U.S.C. § 119								
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some coll None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 									
2) Notice of Dra 3) Information D	erences Cited (PTO-892) ftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (I Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Mail Date	PTO-948)	4) [5) [6) [Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da Notice of Informal P Other:	nte				

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

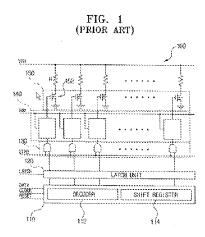
(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-6 and 8-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the applicant's admitted prior art (AAPA) in view of Haga (US Pat 7006068).

The AAPA discloses:

• {claim 1} An inkjet printer head driving apparatus having a plurality of heating elements and nozzles (figure 1, reference 100); a switching unit to turn on and off each of the heating elements to heat ink corresponding to selected nozzles to eject the ink (figure 1, reference 150); a level shift unit having a level converter to convert a potential level of a signal input therein into a predetermined potential level to drive the switching unit (figure 1, reference 140), and a transient time extending part (figure 1-2, reference 140); a control unit to receive an external data signal, decode the received data signal, and output the decoded data signal as a nozzle selection signal to the level shift unit to select the selected nozzles corresponding to a to-be-recorded image from the nozzles (figure 1, reference 110)

Art Unit: 2853



Page 3

- {claim 4} wherein the second inverter extends the transient time from the first signal level to the second signal level or a second transient time from the second signal level to the first signal level in correspondence to an output signal of the first inverter (figure 2, reference INV2)
- {claim 6} A control method of an inkjet printer head driving apparatus having a switching unit driving heating elements corresponding to selected nozzles to eject ink through selected nozzles (figure 1, references 100, 110, 150); outputting a nozzle selection signal to select nozzles corresponding to a to-be-recorded image out of the plural nozzles (figure 1, references 120, 130); receiving an input signal corresponding to the nozzle selection signal, converting a level of the input signal to a predetermined potential level to drive the switching unit, and outputting the input signal having the converted level (figure 1, reference 140, 142)
- {claim 8} An inkjet printer head driving apparatus having a plurality of heating elements and nozzles (figure 1, reference 100); a control unit to generate a control nozzle selection signal to select a heating element and

Art Unit: 2853

a nozzle corresponding to an image to be printed (figure 1, reference 110); a level shift unit to generate a first nozzle selection signal having a first transient time, during which a level of the first nozzle selection signal is changed between first and second levels, in response to the control nozzle selection signal, and to generate a second nozzle selection signal having a second transient time extended by a period from the first transient time of the first nozzle selection signal (figure 1-2, reference 140); and a switching unit to turn on and off the heating element according to the second nozzle selection signal (figure 1, reference 150)

Page 4

- {claim 24} wherein the switching unit comprises an FET, and a turning-on time of the FET is delayed by the period during which the first transient time of the first nozzle selection signal is extended to the second transient time of the second nozzle selection signal, to provide a sufficient time to charge and discharge a parasitic capacitance around the FET (figure 1, reference 152; specification paragraph 0006-0014, 0020)
- {claim 25} wherein the control nozzle selection signal comprises on and off signals to turn on and off the switching unit corresponding to the heating element, the level shift unit comprises a level converter to convert the control nozzle selection signal into the first nozzle selection signal having the first and second levels which are different from the on and off signals in signal level respectively (paragraph 0006-0025)

Art Unit: 2853

{claim 31} An inkjet head driving unit (figure 1); a control unit to generate a nozzle selection signal to select a nozzle having a heating element (figure 1, reference 110); a level shift unit to convert the nozzle selection signal to have a predetermined level to drive the heating element between a logic high and a logic low and having a buffer to output the converted nozzle selection signal (figure 2, reference 144), and one or more logic units to increase a time required to change the output nozzle selection signal between the logic high and the logic low (figure 1-2, reference 140); and a switching unit to turn the heating element on and off according to the output of the level shift unit (figure 1, reference 150)

Page 5

The AAPA differs from the claimed invention in that it does not explicitly disclose:

- {claim 1} a first inverter to invert the signal output from the level converter, and a second inverter including at least two time extending elements to extend the inverted signal output from the first inverter by a transient time of the output potential level of the signal input from the level converter to the switching unit during which the potential level of the signal input from the level converter to the switching unit is converted from a first signal level to a second signal level and vice versa
- {claim 2} further comprising a discharging part discharging a residual voltage of a signal inputted from the level shift unit to a gate of the switching unit if the switching unit switching on and off the heating elements is turned off

Art Unit: 2853

• {claim 3} a first logic device connected to receive an output signal of the level converter and an output signal of the transient time extending part; a third inverter receiving an output signal of the first logic device and having an output terminal; and a third NMOS connected to receive an output signal, and having a gate connected to the output terminal of the third inverter, a drain connected to an input terminal of the switching unit, and a source connected to a ground

Page 6

- {claim 5} wherein the second inverter comprises: a first PMOS having a source connected to a voltage supply and a gate and a drain commonly connected to each other; a second PMOS having a source connected to the drain of the first PMOS and a gate connected to an output terminal of the first inverter; a first NMOS having a gate commonly connected to the gate of the second PMOS and a drain connected to the drain of the second PMOS to form an output terminal of the second inverter; and a second NMOS having a drain and a gate commonly connected to the source of the first NMOS and a source connected to ground
- {claim 6} inverting the input signal having the converted level; extending a first transient time of the output level of the inverted signal by a predetermined time in accordance with an output signal generating when the level of the inputted signal is converted, the transient time being a time period during which the level is converted from a first signal to a second signal level; extending a second transient time of the output level

Art Unit: 2853

of the inverted signal by another predetermined time in accordance with an output signal generating when the level of the inputted signal is converted, the transient time being a time period during which the level is converted from the second signal level to the first signal level; and driving the heating elements corresponding to the selected nozzles to eject the ink through the selected nozzles based on the output signal from a transient time extending operation

- {claim 8} a level shift unit including an inverter to invert the control nozzle selection signal, a first portion to generate a first nozzle selection signal having a first transient time, during which a level of the first nozzle selection signal is changed between first and second levels, in response to the inverted control nozzle selection signal, a second portion to generate a second nozzle selection signal having a second transient time extended by a period from the first transient time of the first nozzle selection signal, and a buffer to output the changed levels of the first and second selection signal
- {claim 9} a discharging part discharging a residual voltage of the switching unit according to the first nozzle selection signal and/or the second nozzle selection signal
- {claim 10} wherein the switching unit comprises a transistor having a first terminal coupled to the level shift unit and the discharging part, a second terminal coupled to the heating element, and a third terminal connected to

Art Unit: 2853

a potential, and the residual voltage of the switching unit is a voltage of the first terminal

- {claim 11} wherein the discharging part is coupled to the level shift unit to receive the first and second nozzle selection signal so that the residual voltage of the switching unit is discharged according to at least one of the first transient time of the first nozzle selection signal and the second transient time of the second nozzle selection signal when the switching unit is turned on and/or off according to the second nozzle selection signal
- {claim 12} wherein the first transient time of the first nozzle selection signal comprises a first rising transient time and a first falling transient time, during which the level of the first nozzle selection signal is changed between the first and second levels, in response to the control nozzle selection signal, and the second transient time of the second nozzle selection signal comprises a second rising transient time and a second falling transient time, during which a level of the second nozzle selection signal is changed between third and fourth levels, extended by first and second periods from the first rising transient time and the first falling transient time, respectively
- {claim 13} wherein the second rising and falling transient times are longer
 than the first rising and falling transient times, respectively

Art Unit: 2853

 {claim 14} wherein the second transient time of the second nozzle selection signal has a period longer than that of the first transient time of the first nozzle selection signal

- {claim 15} wherein the second nozzle selection signal comprises a
 transient time disposed between the third and fourth levels during the
 second transient time, and the transient level comprises a first subtransient level and a second sub-transient level
- {claim 16} wherein one of the first and second sub-transient levels of the transient level of the second nozzle selection signal has a period longer than the first transient time of the first nozzle selection signal
- {claim 17} a discharging part discharging a residual voltage of the
 switching unit according to the first nozzle selection signal and/or the
 second nozzle selection signal, wherein the switching unit is turned off
 according to the second nozzle selection signal while the discharging part
 discharges the residual voltage of the switching unit according to the first
 transient time of the first nozzle selection signal
- {claim 18} wherein the first sub-transient level is not linear between the
 first level and the second sub-transient level, and the second subtransient level is linear between the first sub-transient level and the
 second level
- {claim 19} a discharging part coupled to the level shift unit to receive the
 first and second nozzle selection signals to discharge a residual voltage

Art Unit: 2853

of the switching unit according to the first nozzle selection signal and/or the second nozzle selection signal, wherein the first nozzle selection signal comprises a previous first nozzle selection signal and a current first nozzle selection signal, and the second nozzle selection signal corresponding to the previous first nozzle selection signal and the current first nozzle selection signal of the first nozzle selection signal, respectively, and the voltage of the switching unit is a residual voltage remaining in the switching unit when the switching unit is turned off according to the previous second nozzle selection signal

- {claim 20} wherein the voltage of the switching unit is another residual voltage remaining in the switching unit when the switching unit is turned off according to the current second nozzle selection signal
- {claim 21} wherein the first nozzle selection signal comprises a first rising transient time and a first falling transient time disposed between the first and second levels, the second nozzle selection signal comprises third and fourth levels and second rising and falling transient times disposed between the third and fourth levels, and the third level of the second nozzle selection signal is disposed between the second rising and falling transient times of the second nozzle selection signal and has a period shorter than that of the first level of the first nozzle selection signal disposed between the first rising and falling transient times of the first nozzle selection signal

Art Unit: 2853

{claim 22} a discharging part coupled to the level shift unit to receive the
first and second nozzle selection signals to discharge a residual voltage
of the switching unit according to the second rising transient times of the
second nozzle selection signal before the switching unit is turned on
according to one of the third and fourth levels of the second nozzle
selection signal

- {claim 23} wherein the discharging part discharges the residual voltage of
 the switching unit according to the second rising transient times of the
 second nozzle selection signal before the switching unit is turned off
 according to one of the third and fourth levels of the second nozzle
 selection signal
- {claim 26} wherein a time taken to convert the on and off signal of the control nozzle selection signal into the first and second levels of the first nozzle selection signal is compensated by extending the first transient time of the first nozzle selection signal to the second transient time disposed between third and fourth levels of the second nozzle selection signal which correspond to the first and second levels of the first nozzle selection signal, respectively
- {claim 27} wherein the switching unit is turned on according to the fourth level of the second nozzle selection signal, and a time period of the fourth level of the second nozzle selection signal is shorter than that of the second level of the first nozzle selection signal

Art Unit: 2853

 {claim 28} wherein a total period of the second transient time and the fourth level of the second nozzle selection signal is the same as that of the first transient time and the second level of the first nozzle selection signal

- {claim 29} a discharging part discharging a residual voltage of the switching unit according to the first and second nozzle selection signals
- {claim 30} wherein the discharging part is changed between a turned-on state and a turned off state during a portion of the second transient time of the second nozzle selection signal to discharge the residual voltage of the switching unit and/or stop discharging the residual voltage of the switching unit according to the third level of the second nozzle selection signal
- {claim 31} a level shift unit having an inverter to invert the converted nozzle selection signal, the first and second logic units to increase a time required to change the inverted nozzle selection signal between the logic high and the logic low

Haga discloses:

• {claim 1} a first inverter to invert the signal output from the level converter, and a second inverter including at least two time extending elements to extend the inverted signal output from the first inverter by a transient time of the output potential level of the signal input from the level converter to the switching unit during which the potential level of the signal input from

Art Unit: 2853

the level converter to the switching unit is converted from a first signal level to a second signal level and vice versa (figure 5, references MP3, MN5, MP11-12, MN11-12; MP3+MN5 corresponds to first inverter and MP11-12 + MN11-12 corresponds to second inverter)

- {claim 2} further comprising a discharging part discharging a residual voltage of a signal inputted from the level shift unit to a gate of the switching unit if the switching unit switching on and off the heating elements is turned off (column 3, lines 42-62)
- {claim 3} a first logic device connected to receive an output signal of the level converter and an output signal of the transient time extending part; a third inverter receiving an output signal of the first logic device and having an output terminal; and a third NMOS connected to receive an output signal, and having a gate connected to the output terminal of the third inverter, a drain connected to an input terminal of the switching unit, and a source connected to a ground (figure 5)
- {claim 5} wherein the second inverter comprises: a first PMOS having a source connected to a voltage supply and a gate and a drain commonly connected to each other; a second PMOS having a source connected to the drain of the first PMOS and a gate connected to an output terminal of the first inverter; a first NMOS having a gate commonly connected to the gate of the second PMOS and a drain connected to the drain of the second PMOS to form an output terminal of the second inverter; and a

Art Unit: 2853

second NMOS having a drain and a gate commonly connected to the source of the first NMOS and a source connected to ground (figure 5, references MP3, MN5, MP11-12, MN11-12)

- {claim 6} inverting the input signal having the converted level; extending a first transient time of the output level of the inverted signal by a predetermined time in accordance with an output signal generating when the level of the inputted signal is converted, the transient time being a time period during which the level is converted from a first signal to a second signal level; extending a second transient time of the output level of the inverted signal by another predetermined time in accordance with an output signal generating when the level of the inputted signal is converted, the transient time being a time period during which the level is converted from the second signal level to the first signal level; and driving the heating elements corresponding to the selected nozzles to eject the ink through the selected nozzles based on the output signal from a transient time extending operation (naturally suggested by figure 5, references MP3, MN5, MP11-12, MN11-12)
- {claim 8} a level shift unit including an inverter to invert the control nozzle selection signal, a first portion to generate a first nozzle selection signal having a first transient time, during which a level of the first nozzle selection signal is changed between first and second levels, in response to the inverted control nozzle selection signal, a second portion to

Art Unit: 2853

generate a second nozzle selection signal having a second transient time extended by a period from the first transient time of the first nozzle selection signal, and a buffer to output the changed levels of the first and second selection signal (naturally suggested by figure 5, references MP3, MN5, MP11-12, MN11-12)

- {claim 9} a discharging part discharging a residual voltage of the switching unit according to the first nozzle selection signal and/or the second nozzle selection signal (column 3, lines 42-62)
- {claim 10} wherein the switching unit comprises a transistor having a first terminal coupled to the level shift unit and the discharging part, a second terminal coupled to the heating element, and a third terminal connected to a potential, and the residual voltage of the switching unit is a voltage of the first terminal ((naturally suggested by figure 5, references MP3, MN5, MP11-12, MN11-12)
- {claim 11} wherein the discharging part is coupled to the level shift unit to receive the first and second nozzle selection signal so that the residual voltage of the switching unit is discharged according to at least one of the first transient time of the first nozzle selection signal and the second transient time of the second nozzle selection signal when the switching unit is turned on and/or off according to the second nozzle selection signal (naturally suggested by figure 5, references MP3, MN5, MP11-12, MN11-12; column 3, lines 42-62)

Art Unit: 2853

- {claim 12} wherein the first transient time of the first nozzle selection signal comprises a first rising transient time and a first falling transient time, during which the level of the first nozzle selection signal is changed between the first and second levels, in response to the control nozzle selection signal, and the second transient time of the second nozzle selection signal comprises a second rising transient time and a second falling transient time, during which a level of the second nozzle selection signal is changed between third and fourth levels, extended by first and second periods from the first rising transient time and the first falling transient time, respectively (naturally suggested by figure 5, references MP3, MN5, MP11-12, MN11-12)
- {claim 13} wherein the second rising and falling transient times are longer than the first rising and falling transient times, respectively (naturally suggested by figure 5, references MP3, MN5, MP11-12, MN11-12)
- {claim 14} wherein the second transient time of the second nozzle selection signal has a period longer than that of the first transient time of the first nozzle selection signal (naturally suggested by figure 5, references MP3, MN5, MP11-12, MN11-12)
- {claim 15} wherein the second nozzle selection signal comprises a
 transient time disposed between the third and fourth levels during the
 second transient time, and the transient level comprises a first sub-

Art Unit: 2853

transient level and a second sub-transient level (naturally suggested by figure 5, references MP3, MN5, MP11-12, MN11-12)

- {claim 16} wherein one of the first and second sub-transient levels of the transient level of the second nozzle selection signal has a period longer than the first transient time of the first nozzle selection signal (naturally suggested by figure 5, references MP3, MN5, MP11-12, MN11-12)
- {claim 17} a discharging part discharging a residual voltage of the switching unit according to the first nozzle selection signal and/or the second nozzle selection signal, wherein the switching unit is turned off according to the second nozzle selection signal while the discharging part discharges the residual voltage of the switching unit according to the first transient time of the first nozzle selection signal (figure 5, references MP3, MN5, MP11-12, MN11-12; column 3, references 42-62)
- {claim 18} wherein the first sub-transient level is not linear between the
 first level and the second sub-transient level, and the second subtransient level is linear between the first sub-transient level and the
 second level (naturally suggested by figure 5, references MP3, MN5,
 MP11-12, MN11-12)
- {claim 19} a discharging part coupled to the level shift unit to receive the
 first and second nozzle selection signals to discharge a residual voltage
 of the switching unit according to the first nozzle selection signal and/or
 the second nozzle selection signal, wherein the first nozzle selection

Art Unit: 2853

signal comprises a previous first nozzle selection signal and a current first nozzle selection signal, and the second nozzle selection signal corresponding to the previous first nozzle selection signal and the current first nozzle selection signal of the first nozzle selection signal, respectively, and the voltage of the switching unit is a residual voltage remaining in the switching unit when the switching unit is turned off according to the previous second nozzle selection signal (figure 5, references MP3, MN5, MP11-12, MN11-12; column 3, lines 42-62)

- {claim 20} wherein the voltage of the switching unit is another residual
 voltage remaining in the switching unit when the switching unit is turned
 off according to the current second nozzle selection signal (naturally
 suggested by figure 5, references MP3, MN5, MP11-12, MN11-12)
- {claim 21} wherein the first nozzle selection signal comprises a first rising transient time and a first falling transient time disposed between the first and second levels, the second nozzle selection signal comprises third and fourth levels and second rising and falling transient times disposed between the third and fourth levels, and the third level of the second nozzle selection signal is disposed between the second rising and falling transient times of the second nozzle selection signal and has a period shorter than that of the first level of the first nozzle selection signal disposed between the first rising and falling transient times of the first

Art Unit: 2853

nozzle selection signal (naturally suggested by figure 5, references MP3, MN5, MP11-12, MN11-12)

- {claim 22} a discharging part coupled to the level shift unit to receive the first and second nozzle selection signals to discharge a residual voltage of the switching unit according to the second rising transient times of the second nozzle selection signal before the switching unit is turned on according to one of the third and fourth levels of the second nozzle selection signal (figure 5, references MP3, MN5, MP11-12, MN11-12; column 3, lines 42-62)
- {claim 23} wherein the discharging part discharges the residual voltage of the switching unit according to the second rising transient times of the second nozzle selection signal before the switching unit is turned off according to one of the third and fourth levels of the second nozzle selection signal (naturally suggested by figure 5, references MP3, MN5, MP11-12, MN11-12; column 3, lines 42-62)
- {claim 26} wherein a time taken to convert the on and off signal of the
 control nozzle selection signal into the first and second levels of the first
 nozzle selection signal is compensated by extending the first transient
 time of the first nozzle selection signal to the second transient time
 disposed between third and fourth levels of the second nozzle selection
 signal which correspond to the first and second levels of the first nozzle

Art Unit: 2853

selection signal, respectively (naturally suggested by figure 5, references MP3, MN5, MP11-12, MN11-12)

- {claim 27} wherein the switching unit is turned on according to the fourth level of the second nozzle selection signal, and a time period of the fourth level of the second nozzle selection signal is shorter than that of the second level of the first nozzle selection signal (naturally suggested by figure 5, references MP3, MN5, MP11-12, MN11-12)
- {claim 28} wherein a total period of the second transient time and the
 fourth level of the second nozzle selection signal is the same as that of
 the first transient time and the second level of the first nozzle selection
 signal (naturally suggested by figure 5, references MP3, MN5, MP11-12,
 MN11-12)
- {claim 29} a discharging part discharging a residual voltage of the switching unit according to the first and second nozzle selection signals (figure 5, references MP3, MN5, MP11-12, MN11-12; column 3, lines 42-62)
- {claim 30} wherein the discharging part is changed between a turned-on state and a turned off state during a portion of the second transient time of the second nozzle selection signal to discharge the residual voltage of the switching unit and/or stop discharging the residual voltage of the switching unit according to the third level of the second nozzle selection

Art Unit: 2853

signal (naturally suggested by figure 5, references MP3, MN5, MP11-12, MN11-12)

 {claim 31} a level shift unit having an inverter to invert the converted nozzle selection signal, the first and second logic units to increase a time required to change the inverted nozzle selection signal between the logic high and the logic low (figure 5, references MP3, MN5, MP11-12, MN11-12)

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teachings of Haga into the A.A.P.A. The motivation for the skilled artisan in doing so is to gain the benefit of providing an enhanced transient time extending part with reduced power consumption.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-6 and 8-31 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

The applicant's arguments filed on 02/04/09 were persuasive with respect to figure 9 of Haga, as previously cited by the examiner. However, the new rejection above is based on figure 5 of Haga.

Conclusion

Art Unit: 2853

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to LEONARD S. LIANG whose telephone number is (571)272-2148. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30-5 Monday-Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephen Meier can be reached on (571) 272-2149. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/L. S. L./ Examiner, Art Unit 2853 03/09/09

/Stephen D Meier/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2853